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AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 16th Day of *January*, 1761,

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

THE Right Honourable Robert Lord Henley, Baron of Grange, Lord Keeper of the Great Seal of Great Britain, having this Day delivered to His Majeſty in Council the Great Seal of Great Britain, His Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed to reſtore the ſaid Seal to him again, with the Title of Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain: Whereupon His Lordſhip took the Oaths appointed to be taken, inſtead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, as alſo the Oath of Lord High Chancellor of Great-Britain.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 13th Day of *January*, 1761,

PRESENT,

The KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majeſty's Royal Predeceſſors were pleaſed, from Time to Time, by their reſpective Orders made in Council, to declare and ſignify their Pleaſure, that their Servants ſhould have and enjoy all antient Liberties, Rights and Privileges; and that none of their Servants in Ordinary, with Fee, ſhould be inforced or obliged to bear any Publick Office, ſerve on Juries or Inqueſts, or be ſubjected unto any Mulct or Fine for not ſubmitting thereunto; His Majeſty this Day taking the ſame into Conſideration, and thinking it reaſonable that all His Servants in Ordinary with Fee, ſhould, in regard to their conſtant Attendance upon His Majeſty's Perſon, enjoy the like Privileges with thoſe of His Predeceſſors——Doth therefore hereby order, with the Advice of His Privy Council, that the Lord Chamberlain of His Majeſty's Houſehold, in relation to ſuch of His Majeſty's Servants, who are under his Grace's Command above Stairs; and the Lord Steward of His Majeſty's Houſehold, and, in his Abſence, His Majeſty's Officers of the Greencloth, as to ſuch as are accounted Officers below Stairs; and the Maſter of the Horſe for the Servants belonging to the Stables, do reſpectively ſignify unto the Lord Mayor of London, and to His Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace within the City of Weſtminſter, Counties of Middleſex and Surry; and to the Mayors, Sheriffs and Bailiffs of any Corporation or County, and to all ſuch as may be therein concerned, whenſoever there ſhall be Cauſe for aſſerting the ſaid Privilege; That His Majeſty hath thought proper, conformable to the Example of His Predeceſſors in this Behalf, to order and require, that His Servants ſhould have, hold and enjoy all the ſaid Liberties, Rights and Privileges; and that henceforward none of His Servants in Ordinary with Fee, be enforced, or any Ways obliged to bear any Publick Offices, ſerve on Juries or Inqueſts, Watch or Ward, in any Place where they dwell, or elſewhere, nor ſubjected to any Mulct or Fine for not ſubmitting thereunto: And the Lord Chamberlain of His Majeſty's Houſehold, for thoſe Servants above Stairs; the Lord Steward of His Majeſty's Houſehold, and, in his Abſence, His Majeſty's Officers of the Greencloth for the Servants below Stairs; and the Maſter of the Horſe for the Servants belonging to the Stables, are hereby authorized and required to take eſpecial Care, that this His Majeſty's Pleaſure be duly obſerved and put in Execution——And that His Majeſty's Attorney-General, for the Time being, be, and he is hereby authorized and required, upon any Application made to him by any of His Majeſty's Servants in Ordinary with Fee, to cauſe a Stop to be put to all Proceedings already had, or to be commenced againſt them or any of them, for refuſing to watch, or to ſerve on Juries, or bear or undergo any Publick Office or Employment abovementioned: And His Majeſty doth hereby further Order, That Copies of this Order be left with the reſpective Clerks of the Peace of the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Counties of Middleſex and Surry, to be kept amongſt the Records of His Majeſty's Seſſions, to the Intent that due Obedience may be given thereunto, and His Servants may not be vexed with unreaſonable Proceedings.

W. Blair.

St. James's, January 17.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Eſſex, has been preſented to His Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Earl of Rochford, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Eſſex, aſſembled at the General Quarter Seſſions of this County, at Chelmsford, on the fourteenth Day of January, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty one.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Lieutenant, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Eſſex, humbly beg Leave, in the utmoſt Sincerity of our Hearts, to condole with your Majeſty, on the ſevere and afflicting Loſs theſe Kingdoms have ſo lately felt, in the Death of your Majeſty's Royal Grandfather; a Prince who, in the Midſt of Victories, never deviated from the eſtabliſhed Rules of Juſtice and Equity, nor ſuffered, during the Courſe of His glorious Reign, our Civil and Religious Liberties, ever to be interrupted, His Memory therefore will be as dear to this Country, as the Greatneſs He raiſed it to, will render it glorious to future Ages.

Permit us now, Sir, to congratulate your Majeſty upon your happy Acceſſion to the Throne of your Royal Anceſtors, and to aſſure your Majeſty, that the early Declalation you was graciouſly pleaſed to make to your Subjects, of ſecuring to them every Bleſſing which a free People could wiſh to enjoy, will ever be remembred with the higheſt Gratitude.

It affords us a no leſs pleaſing Proſpect, that all thoſe ineſtimable Bleſſings, which the Acceſſion of your Majeſty's Illuſtrious Houſe to theſe Realms, ſecured to us, will, by a Prince born amongſt us, and who has given ſuch early Proofs of His Princely Endowments and Affection to this Country, be ſo ſtrengthened, as to ſecure them to our lateſt Poſterity.

Animated by an unalterable Zeal for your Majeſty's Royal Perſon and Government, at the ſame Time that we beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on the many ſignal Victories already obtained, under God, by the Britiſh Forces, we moſt fervently

pray

pray they may ſtill be ſucceſsful, till a ſafe, honourable, and laſting Peace can be obtained.

May it be permitted us, Sir, to aſſure your Majeſty of the invariable Zeal and unanimous Affection of the County of Eſſex, to your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, Family, and Government; and to hope moſt ſincerely, that the Divine Providence will long continue your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign, over a free, loyal, and grateful People.

The following Addreſs of the Sheriff, Lord Lieutenant, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Hertford, has been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Sheriff, Lord Lieutenant, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Hertford.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

PErmit us your Majeſty's moſt dutiful Subjects to approach your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, with Hearts deeply afflicted by the Loſs of your Royal Grandfather, our late moſt gracious Sovereign, whoſe glorious Reign, during the Courſe of ſo many Years, will always be remembered with Honour and Eſteem.

But when we ſee our Loſs ſo fully made up by the Acceſſion of your Majeſty to the Throne, who, ſenſible of your People's juſt Affliction, have given us the greateſt Aſſurances of your Royal Protection, we cannot be ſo inſenſible as not to ſee, nor ſo unthankful as not to confeſs ourſelves to have the ſame Proſpect of Happineſs before us.

Aſſurances of Loyalty and Fidelity are the moſt ſuitable and grateful Returns we can make for your gracious Declaration of your Care and Protection: Theſe we do offer with unfeigned Hearts, being thoroughly convinced, that our Laws, Liberties, and Religion, which have been ſo ſteadily protected by your Royal Anceſtors, will con inue to be guarded and defended with all Juſtice, during your Majeſty's moſt Sacred Life: For which we ſhall not ceaſe to offer up our continual and moſt hearty Prayers; and to exert our utmoſt Powers and Abilities in the Defence of your Majeſty, and your moſt Illuſtrious Family.

The following Addreſs of the Magiſtrates and Town Council of the Royal Borough of Dumbarton, having been tranſmitted by James Colquhoun, Eſq; to the Right Honourable the Earl of Holderneſſe, one of His Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to His Majeſty: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Magiſtrates and Town Council of the Royal Borough of Dumbarton.

THE Magiſtrates and Town Council of the Burgh of Dumbarton, beg Leave, in common with their loyal and dutiful Fellow Subjects, to approach your Majeſty with their humble Addreſs. No Community could be more deeply afflicted with the unexpected Death of our late Brave, and Merciful Sovereign. None can be more happy than we in paying all Duty and Submiſſion to his Royal Succeſſor. Conſcious of this, our abundant Hearts might utter as much as others, but aware of every Moments Importance to your Majeſty, we muſt be contented at preſent with this ſingle Expreſſion of our Duty, and of our hearty Concurrence with all the Good and fervent Prayers, which have been put up to Heaven for your Majeſty's Royal Perſon, flouriſhing Reign, and future Glory.

Signed in Name, Preſence, and by Appointment of the Magiſtrates, and Council aſſembled, by

Dumbarton, Dec. 31, 1760. *Ja. Colquhoun.*

The following Addreſs of the Mayor and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Yarmouth, has been preſented to His Majeſty by Lieutenant General Holmes, one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE the Mayor and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Yarmouth, in the Iſle of Wight, humbly beg Leave to offer our moſt loyal Congratulations upon your Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne, and to expreſs our unfeigned Concern for the ſudden Death of our late moſt Glorious Sovereign, under whoſe auſpicious Reign ſo many wiſe and ſucceſsful Meaſures have been concerted to advance the Safety, Honour and Welfare of theſe Kingdoms.

Nothing could compenſate ſo great a Loſs, but the Succeſſion of a King, who glories in the Name of Briton.

May your Majeſty be enabled to crown the Succeſſes of War with a ſpeedy and honourable Peace, and long reign over an united and grateful People; and be pleaſed to accept this Addreſs as a ſincere Pledge of our Duty and Affection to your Royal Perſon, Family and Government.

Given under our Common Seal, this Ninth Day of January, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty one.

Prince Ferdinand's Head Quarters at Uſtar, Jan. 7.

We remain quiet in our Quarters here. We have received an Account, that Count Broglio, with a large Body of Troops, and aſſiſted likewiſe in his Operations by Lieutenant General M. de Stainville, attacked, on the 2d Inſtant, the Town of Dudenſtadt, which is at the Extremity of His Serene Highneſs's Cantonments, on the Left. General Manſberg was poſted there, but found it neceſſary to quit the Town, (which the Enemy entered) and to take Poſſeſſion of the Heights of Herbiſhagen, where he maintained himſelf till the Arrival of the Generals Kielmanſegge and Luckner to his Succour, who, the next Day, attacked the French in Dudenſtadt, drove them from thence, and purſued them as far as Witzenhauſen. The Loſs of the Enemy, upon this Occaſion, amounts, by their own Accounts, to 600 Men; 200 of them have been made Priſoners; among whom are three compleat Companies of French Grenadiers. The Loſs, on our Side, is about 190 Men.

Admiralty Office, January 17.

Lieutenant John Symons, of His Majeſty's Ship the Unicorn, of 28 Guns and 200 Men, gives an Account, in a Letter dated at Plymouth the 11th Inſtant, That on the 8th Capt. Hunt, (his Predeceſſor in the Command of that Ship) being cruizing off the Penmarks, diſcovered, at Eight in the Morning, a Sail to the Northward; to which he gave Chace, and found to be a French Frigate. At ½ paſt Ten the Unicorn came up with and begun to engage her, and continued in cloſe Action with her till near ½ paſt Twelve: At which Time the Enemy ſtruck, and proved to be the Veſtal, a Frigate of the French King's, commanded by M. Boiſbertelot, mounting 26 Twelve and Nine Pounders upon her Lower Deck, and 4 Six Pounders on the Quarter Deck and Forecaſtle, with 220 Men. She eſcaped (as the Priſoners declared) from the River Vilaine on the 2d Inſtant, under Cover of a very thick Fog, in Company with two Ships of 64, Le Grand of 34, and Calipſo of 16 Guns, and was bound to Breſt.

Capt. Hunt received a Gunſhot Wound the third Broadſide, in his Right Thigh, of which he died an Hour after the Action was over.

The Unicorn had 5 Men killed and 10 wounded, ſix of whom dangerouſly.

The Veſtal had many killed and wounded; and among the latter M. Boiſbertelot, who loſt his Leg, and died of the Wound next Day.

Lieut. Symons adds, that the Day after the Action, he ſaw a Sail to Windward, which had greatly the Appearance of a French Ship, and bore down upon him for about Half an Hour, then hauled her Wind, and

and ſtood in for the Land. That on the 10th, in the Morning, he ſaw two Ships engaging, which proved to be His Majeſty's Ship Sea-horſe, and the Le Grand Frigate above-mentioned, the latter of which made all the Sail ſhe could from the other, upon the Unicorn's coming within two Gun-ſhot of them and eſcaped, notwithſtanding he chaced her till Evening, having greatly the Advantage in Sailing, the Unicorn having got a Mizen Top-maſt up for a Fore Top-maſt, to eaſe the Fore-maſt; and a Main-top-gallant-maſt for a Mizen-top-maſt, and her Sails and Rigging much damaged in the Action with the Veſtal.

Capt. James Smith, of His Majeſty's Ship Sea-horſe, of 20 Guns and 160 Men, by Letter dated at Plymouth the 11th Inſtant, gives the following Account of the abovementioned Action with the Le Grand Frigate, which happened 34 Leagues S. W. from the Start, viz. That he ſaw her in the Morning, about Eight o'Clock, in the S E. Quarter, crowding down upon him; that he continued his Courſe and prepared to engage. At a Quarter before Eleven the Enemy came within Piſtol Shot, and an Action began, which laſted an Hour and Quarter with great Warmth, during which the Ships were Board and Board three different Times, which occaſioned great Slaughter on both Sides. The Enemy then left the Seahorſe (as is beforementioned in Mr. Symons's Letter) notwithſtanding his utmoſt Endeavours to bring her to Action a ſecond Time.

The Seahorſe had 11 Men killed, and 38 wounded, many of the latter, Captain Smith fears, cannot recover.

Lieutenant Symons is preferred to the Command of the Mortar Sloop.

And another Captain is appointed to the Seahorſe (which is to proceed, the Moment ſhe is refitted, on her outward bound Voyage) that Captain Smith may be at Home, in the Way to be preferred the firſt Opportunity.

Both theſe Gentlemen give the Officers and Seamen of their reſpective Ships the greateſt Encomiums for their Bravery during the above Engagements.

His Majeſty's Sloop Swallow has brought into Plymouth the Valour Privateer of St. Malo, of 4 Carriage Guns and 28 Men, taken by the Aquilon.

And the Hornet Sloop has taken and brought into Plymouth the Chevalier d'Artheſſay, a Snow Privateer belonging to Granville, of 8 Carriage and 6 Swivel Guns, and 58 Men.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, January 16.

Orders for the Court's Change of Mourning on Sunday the 25th Inſtant, for His late Majeſty King George the Second, of bleſſed Memory, viz.

The Ladies to wear Black Silk, fringed or plain Linnen, white Gloves, Black and White Shoes, Fans and Tippets, White Necklaces and Earings.

Undreſs, White or Grey Luſtrings, Tabbies or Damaſks.

The Men to wear Black full trimmed, fringed or plain Linnen, Black Swords and Buckles.

Undreſs, Grey Frocks.

Leiceſter-Houſe, January 15.

This Day the Baron de Cramm, Envoy Extraordinary from the Duke of Brunſwick, had a private Audience of Her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Auguſta.

As likewiſe Baron Wittorff, Envoy Extraordinary from the Landgrave of Heſſe Caſſel.

To which they were introduced by Sir Charles Cottrel Dormer, Knt. Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, January 17, 1761.

Whereas it has been humbly repreſented to the King, That, on Thurſday, the 4th Day of December laſt paſt, in the Morning, a Threatening Letter, directed to the Reverend Mr. Brooke, of Over-Arely, in the County of Worceſter, was found at the Door of the ſaid Mr. Brooke's Houſe, at Over-Areley, aforeſaid, of which the following is an Extract, viz.

" If the Lord Lyttelton had ſent the Devil among " Us, We could not have a worſe Enemy than We " have of You. For, what Buſineſs had You to go " to Stafford for a Levy, when it was to be a Turn-" pike Road, but to run the Pariſhioners to Charges; " And if You do not turn up the Office to another " Man next Spring, or behave better in it amongſt " the poor Labourers than You have done, — there " will come a blue Plumb (that is, I ſuppoſe, a Bullet,) " out of ſome Hedge between Arely and Churchill, and " take Care that it does not lay hold of You; For it " it is a good Thing to deſtroy Our Enemy; For Some-" body ſhall not paſs that Way but a very little while " longer, if He does not behave better than He has " done.——All that You want is to have a Bowling-" Green between Arely and Churchill, but You will " never live to ſee it. The Pariſhioners are bound to " curſe the Time that You came into it; But hoping to " hear of ſome ill End or other betiding You ſoon, take " Notice of it, and not forget it."

His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice, the Perſons concerned in Writing the ſaid Threatening Letter, and in laying it, or cauſing it to be laid, at the Door of the ſaid Mr. Brooke's Houſe, as aforeſaid, is, hereby, pleaſed to promiſe His moſt gracious Pardon to any one of them, (except the Perſon principally concerned therein,) who ſhall diſcover his, or her, Accomplice, or Accomplices, in the ſaid Facts, ſo as one, or more, of them, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLDERNESSE.

And, as a farther Encouragement, the Right Honourable the Lord Lyttelton does, hereby, promiſe a Reward of Twenty Pounds, to any Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid; to be paid upon the Conviction of one or more of the Offenders.

LYTTELTON.

Derby, January 12, 1761.

His Majeſty's Deputy Lieutenants for this County have appointed a General Meeting to be holden at the George Inn in Derby, on the 23d of this Inſtant January, when all Perſons that are qualified and willing to ſerve as Officers in the Militia for the ſaid County, are deſired to attend, and deliver in, or cauſe to be delivered in, their Names, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be authorized to receive the ſame, ſpecifying the Rank in which they are willing to ſerve.

John Bateman, *Clerk to the Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County.*

Navy Office, January 8, 1761.

The Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy give Notice, that on Tueſday the 20th Inſtant, at Eleven of the Clock in the Morning, they will expoſe to Sale at this Office, the Hulls of His Majeſty's Ship Centaur, and Vulture Sloop, lying at Portſmouth; and on Thurſday the 22d Inſtant, they will alſo expoſe to Sale the Hulls of the Beaver Frigate lying at Chatham, and Gibraltar's Prize at Sheerneſs, where ſuch Perſons as are willing to be Purchaſers, may have the Liberty of viewing them at any Time in the common Working Hours of the Yard, till the Day of Sale: And as a Depoſit of 25 l. per Cent. or in that Proportion, is to be made by the Perſons who ſhall purchaſe the ſaid Ships, all Perſons that ſhall attend the ſaid Sales, are to take Notice thereof, and come prepared for that Purpoſe. And unleſs the Ships ſo purchaſed ſhall be paid for and taken away at the End of forty Days, after the Days of Sale, the Depoſit ſhall be forfeited, and become the Property of the Crown.

Navy Office, January 12, 1761.

The Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy give Notice, that there are in the Hands of the Treaſurer of the Navy, Money and Exchequer Bills to pay off all Bills regiſtered on the Courſe of the Navy in the Months of December 1759, and January 1760, in order that the Proprietors of, or Perſons legally empowered to receive the ſame, may bring them to this Office to be ſatisfied accordingly.

London, January 15, 1761.

Notice is hereby given, that Warrants for the Dividend due at Chriſtmas laſt, on the Stock of the Governor and Company for working of Mines, Minerals and Metals, in that Part of Great Britain called Scotland,

will